A Bread Bag Clip causing Small Bowel Perforation diagnosed on Computed Tomography

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ABSTRACT

Foreign body ingestion is common, and few result in complications. Plastic bread bag clips are an exception, however, and have been associated with small bowel perforation, upper gastrointestinal bleeding and even fatalities.

An 85 year-old woman presented with abdominal pain. She was found to have tenderness on abdominal palpation. She underwent an abdominal CT scan, which demonstrated a plastic bread bag clip as the cause of a contained small bowel perforation. A midline laparotomy and small bowel resection with primary anastomosis was performed.

Plastic bread bag clips are a rare cause of small bowel perforation. Elderly patients with dentures are at particular risk of ingesting such clips. This case report describes a rare situation where a clip is identified on preoperative imaging as the cause of a contained small bowel perforation.

Keywords: Plastic bread bag clip, Small bowel perforation.


Source of support: Nil

Conflict of interest: None

INTRODUCTION

Plastic bread bag clips are a common (and seemingly innocuous) household item which, if ingested, has been noted to result in a number of complications. As they are radiolucent on plain radiography,1 diagnosis on preoperative imaging is rare. This case report describes a rare situation where a bread bag clip was identified as a cause of contained small bowel perforation prior to operative management.

CASE REPORT

An 85-year-old woman with partial dentures presented to the emergency department of a tertiary hospital complaining of a 5-day history of colicky-type abdominal pain associated with nausea, vomiting, and occasional loose bowel motions, progressing to obstipation. There was no history of previous abdominal surgery and she denied ingestion of any inorganic foreign bodies. Examination revealed periumbilical tenderness on abdominal palpation. Laboratory tests revealed a mild leukocytosis and plain chest radiography was unremarkable, with no subphrenic gas demonstrated.

A CT scan of the abdomen and pelvis was performed, and this demonstrated stranding and small locules of gas surrounding the ileum consistent with a contained small bowel perforation. In addition, a foreign body clearly resembling a plastic bread bag clip was identified (Figs 1 to 3). This foreign body appeared to be the site of a small bowel obstruction, with dilation of bowel observed proximally and collapse observed distally.

Las clips de bolsas de pan de plastico raramente causan perforaciones del intestino delgado. Los pacientes de edad avanzada con dentadura postiza tienen un riesgo aumentado de ingerir tal clips. En este caso describimos una rara situacion de una clip identificada con la imagen preoperatoria como la causa de una perforacion contenida del intestino delgado.

Palabras claves: Clip de bolsa de pan de plastico, Perforacion del intestino delgado.

AIM

To describe a rare case of small bowel perforation secondary to accidental ingestion of a plastic bread bag clip, which was diagnosed preoperatively on computed tomography (CT).
The patient was resuscitated, given intravenous antibiotics, and underwent laparotomy on the day of admission. A small bowel run was performed, demonstrating perforation of the bowel wall in the midileum at the site of the foreign body. A wedge resection of this perforated section of bowel was performed, along with primary ileoleal anastomosis.

Histology of the small bowel specimen demonstrated a plastic bread bag clip that was deeply impacted into the bowel wall, with surrounding mucosal ulceration. The patient was surprised to learn that a plastic bread bag clip was the cause of her symptoms, as she had no recollection of having ingested it. The rest of the patient’s recovery was unremarkable, and she was discharged home.

CONCLUSION

The phenomenon of plastic bread bag clips causing perforation of the gastrointestinal tract has been well described in the literature, with case reports describing perforation and/or obstruction of the small bowel.\(^2\) Other reported complications include upper gastrointestinal hemorrhage.\(^5\) There are case reports in the literature of endoscopic retrieval of bread bag clips that are embedded in the mucosa of the duodenum.\(^5,6\) A number of endoscopic instruments have been used for this improvised purpose,\(^5,6\) but due to its relative infrequency, the choice of instrument remains up to the individual endoscopist. There have even been reports of fatalities from the complications of bread bag clip ingestion.\(^7,8\)

Plastic bread bag clips are thought to be particularly dangerous as small bowel mucosa becomes trapped between the sharp opposing edges, causing necrosis and eventual erosion through the small bowel wall.\(^4\) This potentially makes them more dangerous than other more commonly ingested plastic foreign bodies.

The elderly, especially those with partial or full dentures, are at particular risk of ingestion of bread bag clips\(^9\) and other potentially harmful foreign bodies.\(^4,10\) As in this case, patients with dentures are often unaware that they have ingested this foreign body.\(^4,10\) In addition, as plastic bread bag clips are radiolucent on plain radiograph,\(^1\) diagnosis is difficult. This case is unusual as a bread clip has been identified clearly on CT as the cause of the contained small bowel perforation on diagnostic imaging prior to laparotomy.

These difficulties in diagnosis, combined with an increasing number of documented cases, have led some medical professionals to call for redesign or replacement of these devices.\(^2\) This case is another example of why such opinions should be heard.

CLINICAL SIGNIFICANCE

This case illustrates why evidence of plastic bread bag clip ingestion should prompt vigilant observation for potential complications and demonstrates that plastic foreign bodies, such as bread bag clips, can be identified.
on CT, aiding operative management. This is likely to become an increasing problem with the aging population in many regions.

REFERENCES